Phasing out single-use plastics

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Our timeline so far

August 2018

Minister Chris Steel becomes Minister for City

Services

August 2018

Responsibility for the Plastic Bags Ban Act 2010,

and tabling of *Unfantastic plastic*

April 2019

Phasing out single-use plastics discussion paper

released. Submissions close end July 2019.

Jun - Jul 2019

Community and business information sessions.

Pop-up stalls across the ACT.

August onwards

Determining next steps



Why focus on single-use plastics?

Plastic is highly convenient as a low-cost manufacturing option but....

- Persists in the environment
- Consumption is increasing
- True costs aren't accounted for

Single-use plastic: avoidable or replaceable, intended to be used only once.



Plastic litter Figure 1: ACT Litter Stream, ACT Government 2018. General Waste Beverage containers Plastic litter in the ACT has increased Other 13% packaging and butts less litter overall, but more of it is 37% 14% plastic 36% Takeaway food Transport Canberra and City Services

Why consult?

- Engage early and 'take the journey' together
- Understand views from community and business
- Identify opportunities and challenges
- Gauge the appetite for change
- Inform policy development



The context

Globally:

- Canada ban by 2021, EU ban by 2021, India ban by 2022, UK plastic pact, UN plastic waste protocol
- Malaysia, India, China restricting acceptance of plastic waste

Nationally:

- National Waste Policy
- South Australia, Western Australia, ACT, City of Hobart, some local councils (including Bega)
- APCO targets





- > 70% of plastic packaging will be recycled or composted
- > 30% average recycled content will be included across all packaging and
- Problematic and unnecessary single use plastics packaging will be phased out through redesign, innovation or alternative delivery methods.⁵⁵



The ACT context

- Taking the plastic bag ban one step further
- Increasing resource recovery to 87%

The ACT Waste Management Hierarchy



LANDFILL residual waste to protect human health and the environment





- Avoid the generation of waste
- Reduce the use of virgin materials
- Moving towards a circular economy
- New business opportunities



The challenges

- Need to find feasible alternatives
- Need to consider impacts on different segments of the community
- Need to consider impacts on business and business models



What single-use plastics are we looking at?



✓ Plastic straws and stirrers

Plastic cutlery



Disposable plastic plates and cups



 Disposable plastic-lined coffee cups and lids



 Polystyrene (foam) plastic food containers and beverage cups



 Light-weight fruit and vegetable barrier bags

? Other non-recyclable plastics



Microbeads (already being phased out)



✗ Plastic beverage containers



Other plastic packaging (e.g. food packaging, consumer goods)



Sanitary items



X Nappies and incontinence products



Reusable plastic bags above 35 microns in thickness, including 'green bags', 'biodegradable' and 'compostable' bags



Health related sterile items (e.g. syringes)



Cotton buds



How could we do it?



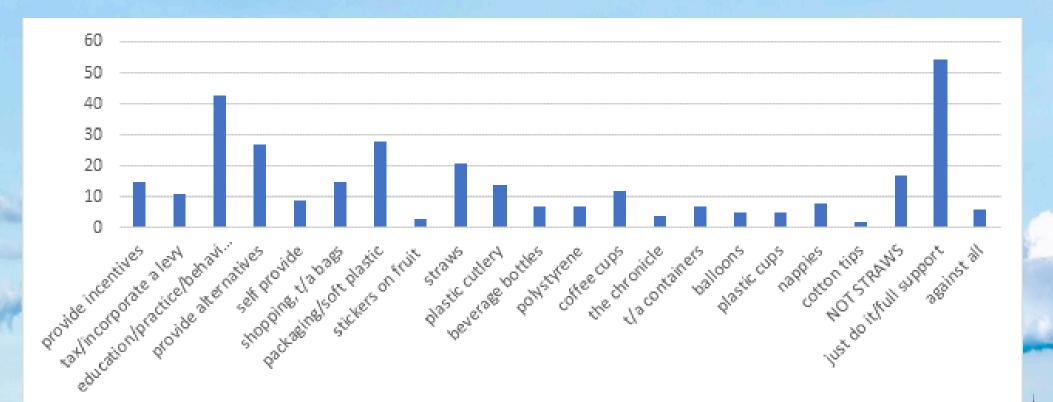
The views so far - submissions

 Over 360 comments received so far on Your Say. Views are overwhelmingly positive Ban them now! All of them!!

I support immediate action......

We should not add to the barriers disable people face.....

Please consider unintended consequences of your policy



The views so far – surveys and community sessions

More than 1970 surveys completed

Two community sessions and one business session held. Second business session to be held 11 July.

Community

Strongly supportive of phasing-out single use plastics

Business

 Majority are supportive, but are concerned about the costs of alternatives



Want to have your say?

- Visit the Your Say site www.yoursay.act.gov.au
- Read the discussion paper
- Take the survey
- Make a submission

Consultation period closes end July



